AGREEMENT

BETWEEN

THE BELGO-LUXEMBURG ECONOMIC UNION

AND

THE REPUBLIC OF LATVIA

ON THE RECIPROCAL PROMOTION AND

PROTECTION OF INVESTMENTS

AGREEMENT

BETWEEN THE BELGO-LUXEMBURG ECONOMIC UNION AND THE REPUBLIC OF LATVIA ON THE RECIPROCAL PROMOTION AND PROTECTION OF INVESTMENTS

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE KINGDOM OF BELGIUM, acting both in its own name and in the name of the Government of the Grand - Duchy of Luxemburg by virtue of existing agreements,

the Government of the Region of Wallonia, the Government of the Region of Flanders, and the Government of the Region of Brussels-Capital, on the one hand,

and

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF LATVIA, on the other hand (hereinafter referred to as "the Contracting Parties").

DESIRING to strengthen their economic cooperation by creating favorable conditions for investments by investors of one Contracting Party in the territory of the other Contracting Party.

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Agreement.

- 1. The term "investors" shall mean:
 - a) the "nationals" i.e. any physical person having status as a national of the Kingdom of Belgium, of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg or of the Republic of Latvia in accordance with the Belgian, Luxemburg or Latvian legislation;
 - b) the "companies", i.e. any legal person constituted in accordance with the Belgian, Luxemburg or Latvian legislation and having its head office in the territory of Belgium, Luxemburg or Latvia.
- 2. The term "investments" shall mean any kind of assets and any direct or indirect contribution in cash, in kind or in services, invested or reinvested in any sector of economic activity.

The following shall more particularly, though not exclusively, be considered as investments for the purpose of this Agreement:

- a) movable and immovable property as well as any other rights in rem, such as mortgages, liens, pledges, usufruct and similar rights;
- b) shares, corporate rights and any other kind of shareholdings, including minority or indirect ones, in companies constituted in the territory of one Contracting Party;
- c) bonds, claims to money and to any performance having an economic value;
- d) copyrights, industrial property rights, technical processes, trade names and goodwill, know-how;
- e) concessions granted by law or under contract, including concessions to explore, develop, extract or exploit natural resources.

Changes in the legal form in which assets and capital have been invested or reinvested shall not affect their designation as "investments" for the purpose of this Agreement.

- 3. The term "incomes" shall mean the proceeds of an investment and shall include in particular, though not exclusively, profits, interests, capital increases, dividends, royalties and payments.
- 4. The term "without delay" as referred to in Article 4 (3) and Article 5 (3) means that a transfer is made within such a period as is normally required by international financial custom and not later, in any case, than ninety days.

5. The term "territory" shall apply with respect to the territory of the Kingdom of Belgium, to the territory of the Grand-Duchy of Luxemburg and to the territory of the Republic of Latvia, as well as to the maritime areas, i.e. the marine and underwater areas which extend beyond the territorial waters, of the States concerned and upon which the latter exercise, in accordance with international law, their sovereign rights and their jurisdiction for the purpose of exploring, exploiting and preserving natural resources.

ARTICLE 2

PROMOTION OF INVESTMENTS

- 1. Each Contracting Party shall promote investments in its territory by investors of the other Contracting Party and shall accept such investments in accordance with its legislation.
- 2. In particular, each Contracting Party shall authorize the conclusion and the fulfilment of licence contracts and commercial, administrative of technical assistance agreements, as far as these activities are in connection with such investments.

ARTICLE 3

PROTECTION OF INVESTMENTS.

- 1. All investments, whether direct or indirect, made by investors of one Contracting Party shall enjoy a fair and equitable treatment in the territory of the other Contracting Party.
- 2 Except for measures required to maintain public order, such investments shall enjoy continuous protection and security, i.e. excluding any unjustified or discriminatory measure which could hinder, either in law or in practice, the management, maintenance, use, possession or liquidation thereof.
- 3. The treatment and protection referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall at least be equal to **those** enjoyed by investors of a third State and shall in no case be less favourable than **those** recognized under international law.
- 4. However, such treatment and protection shall not cover the privileges granted by one Contracting Party to the investors of a third State pursuant to its participation in or association with a free trade zone, a customs union, a common market or any other form of regional economic organization.
- 5. This Agreement shall not be extended to the privileges granted by one of the Contracting Parties to any third State pursuant to an agreement avoiding double taxation or pursuant to any other agreement in the field of taxation.

DEPFUVATION AND LIMITATION OF OWNERSHIP.

- 1. Each Contracting Party undertakes not to adopt any measure of expropriation or nationalization or any other measure having the effect of directly or indirectly dispossessing the investors of the other Contracting Party of their investments in its territory.
- 2. If reasons of public purpose, security or national interest require a derogation from the provisions of paragraph 1, the following conditions shall be complied with:
 - a) the measures shall be taken under due process of law;
 - b) the measures shall be neither discriminatory, nor contrary to any specific commitments;
 - c) the measures shall be accompanied by provisions for the payment of a adequate and effective compensation.
- 3. Such compensation shall amount to the actual value of the investments on the day before the measures were taken or became public.

Such compensation shall be paid in the currency of the State of which the investor is a national or in any other convertible currency. It shall be paid without delay and shall be freely transferable. It shall bear interest at the normal commercial rate after ninety days from the date of the determination of its amount until the date of its payment.

- 4. Investors of one Contracting Party, whose investments suffer losses owing to war or other armed conflict, revolution, a state of national emergency or revolt in the territory of the other Contracting Party, shall be accorded, by the latter Contracting Party, treatment, as regards restitution, indemnification, compensation or other settlement, no less favourable than that which the latter Contracting Party accords to the investors of the most favoured nation.
- 5. In respect of matters dealt with in this Article, each Contracting Party shall grant to the investors of the other Contracting Party a treatment which shall at least be equal to that granted in its territory to the investors of the most favoured nation. This treatment shall in no case be less favourable than that recognized under international law.

TRANSFERS.

- 1. Each Contracting Party in whose territory investments have been made by investors of the other Contracting Party shall grant to these investors the free transfer of their assets, including more particularly;
 - a) return on investments, including profits, interests, return on capital, dividends and royalties;
 - b) amounts necessary for the repayment of regularly contracted loans;
 - c) proceeds of the recovery of claims, of the total or partial liquidation of the investments, including capital gains or increases in the invested capital;
 - d) compensation paid pursuant to Article 4;
 - e) royalties and other payments resulting from license rights and from commercial, administrative or technical assistance.
- 2. The nationals of each Contracting Party who have been authorized to work in the territory of the other Contracting Party in connection with an approved investment shall also be permitted to transfer an appropriate portion of their earnings to their country of origin.
- 3. Each Contracting Party shall issue the authorizations required to ensure that the transfers can be made without delay, with no other expenses than the usual taxes and costs. In respect of matters dealt with in this Article each Contracting Party shall grant to the investors of the other Contracting Party a treatment which shall at least be equal to that granted in similar cases to the investors of the most favoured nation.
- 4. The transfers referred to in this Article shall be made at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transfer and in accordance with the exchange regulations in force in the State in whose territory the investment was made.
- 5. These rates shall in no way be less favourable than those granted to the investors of the most favoured nation, especially by virtue of specific commitments provided for in any agreement or arrangement dealing with the protection of investments.
- 6. The applied rates shall be in any case fair and equitable.

SUBROGATION.

1. If one Contracting Party or any public institution of this Party pays compensation to its own investors pursuant to a guarantee providing coverage for an investment, the other Contracting Party shall recognize that the former Contracting Party or the public institution concerned is subrogated as insurer into the rights of the indemnified investors.

The insurer shall be entitled by virtue of subrogation to exercise the rights of the investors and to invoke the related claims with the same authority as the said investors and within the limits of the rights transferred in this way.

The subrogation of rights shall also apply to the rights of transfer or arbitration referred to in Articles 5 and 9.

Such rights shall be exercised by the insurer to the extent of the proportion of the risk covered by the contract of guarantee and by the investor entitled to benefit from the guarantee to the extent of the proportion of the risk not covered by the contract.

2. As far as the transferred rights are concerned, the other Contracting Party shall be entitled to invoke against the insurer who is subrogated into the rights of the indemnified investors the obligations of the latter under law or contract.

ARTICLE 7

APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.

If an issue relating to investments is covered both by this Agreement and by the national legislation of one Contracting Party or by international conventions, existing or to be subscribed to by the Parties in the future, the investors of the other Contracting Party shall be entitled to avail themselves of the provisions that are the most favourable to them.

SPECIFIC AGREEMENTS.

- 1. Investments made pursuant to a specific agreement concluded between one Contracting Party and investors of the other Party shall be covered by the provisions of this Agreement and by those of the specific agreement.
- 2. Each Contracting Party undertakes to ensure at all times that the commitments it has entered into vis-a-vis investors of the other Contracting Party shall be observed.

ARTICLE 9

SETTLEMENT OF INVESTMENT DISPUTES.

1. Any investment dispute between an investor of one Contracting Party and the other Contracting Party shall be notified in writing by the first party to take action. The notification shall be accompanied by a detailed memorandum.

As far as possible, such dispute shall be settled amicably between the parties to the dispute or otherwise by conciliation between the Contracting Parties through diplomatic channels.

2. In the absence of an amicable settlement by direct agreement between the parties tot the dispute or by conciliation through diplomatic channels within six months from the receipt of the notification, the dispute shall be submitted to international arbitration.

To this end, each Contracting Party agrees in advance and irrevocably to the settlement of any dispute by this type of arbitration. Such consent implies that both Parties waive the right to demand that all domestic administrative or judiciary remedies should be exhausted.

3. In case of international arbitration, the dispute shall be submitted for settlement by arbitration to the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes (I.C.S.I.D.), set up by the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of other States, opened for signature at Washington on March 18, 1965, when each State Party to this Agreement has become a party to the said Convention. As long as this requirement is not met, each Contracting Party agrees that the dispute shall be submitted to arbitration pursuant to the provisions of the additional facility of the I.C.S.I.D.

- 4. At any stage of the arbitration proceedings of the execution of an arbitral award, none of the Contracting Parties involved in a dispute shall be entitled to raise as an objection the fact that the investor who is the opponent party in the dispute has received compensation totally or partly covering his losses pursuant to an insurance policy or to the guarantee provided for in Article 6 of this Agreement.
- 5. The I.C.S.I.D. shall decide on the basis of:
 - the national law, including the rules relating to conflicts of law, of the Contracting Party involved in the dispute in whose territory the investment has been made;
 - the provisions of this Agreement;
 - the terms of the specific agreement which may have been entered into regarding the investment:
 - the principles of international law.
- 6. The arbitral awards shall be final and binding on the parties to the dispute. Each Contracting Party undertakes to execute the awards in accordance with its national legislation.

MOST FAVOURED NATION TREATMENT.

In all matters relating to the treatment of investments the investors of each Contracting Party shall enjoy most favoured nation treatment in the territory of the other Party.

ARTICLE 11

DISPUTES BETWEEN THE CONTRACTING PARTIES RELATING TO THE INTERPRETATION OR APPLICATION OF THIS AGREEMENT.

- 1. Any dispute relating to the interpretation or application of this Agreement shall be settled as far as possible through diplomatic channels.
- 2. If the absence of a settlement trough diplomatic channels, the dispute shall be submitted to a joint commission consisting of representatives of the two Parties; this commission shall convene without undue delay at the request of the first party to take action.
- 3. If the joint commission cannot settle the dispute, the latter shall be submitted, at the request of either Contracting Party, to an arbitration court set up as follows for each individual case:

Each Contracting Party shall appoint one arbitrator within a period of two months from the date on which either Contracting Party has informed the other Party of its intention to submit the dispute to arbitration. Within a period of two months following their appointment, these two arbitrators shall appoint by mutual agreement a national of a third State as chairman of the arbitration court.

If these time limits have not been complied with, either Contracting Party shall request the President of the International Court of Justice to make the necessary appointment(s).

If the President of the International Court of Justice is a national of either Contracting Party or of a State with which one of the Contracting Parties has no diplomatic relations or if, for any other reason, he cannot exercise this function, the Vice-President of the International Court of Justice shall be requested to make the appointment(s).

- 4. The court thus constituted shall determine its own rules of procedure. Its decisions shall be taken by majority of the votes; they shall be final and binding on the Contracting Parties.
- 5. Each Contracting Party shall bear the costs resulting from the appointment of its arbitrator. The expenses in connection with the appointment of the third arbitrator and the administrative costs of the court shall be borne equally by the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE 12

PREVIOUS INVESTMENTS.

This Agreement shall also apply to investments made before its entry into force by investors of one Contracting Party in the territory of the other Contracting Party in accordance with the lather's laws and regulations.

However, it shall not apply to investments made before January 1, 1987, unless specifically agreed upon between the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE 13

ENTRY INTO FORCE AND DURATION.

1. Each Contracting Party shall notify the other of the completion of the constitutional procedures required concerning the entry into force of this Agreement, which shall enter into force one month after the date of receipt of the final notification. The Agreement shall remain in force for a period of ten years.

Unless notice of termination is given by either Contracting Party at least six months before the espiry of its period of validity, this Agreement shall be tacitly extended for a further period of ten years. Each Contracting Party reserves the right to terminate the .4greement by notification given at least six months before the date of expiry of the current period of validity.

2. Investments made prior to the date of termination of this Agreement shall be covered by this Agreement for a period of twenty years from the date of termination.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned representatives, duly authorised thereto by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

DONE AT BRUSSELS, on this 27th day of March 1996, in duplicate in the French, Dutch, English and Latvian languages, all texts being equally authentic. The text in the English language shall prevail in case of difference of interpretation.

FOR THE BELGO-LUXEMBURG ECONOMIC UNION:

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF LATVIA:

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE KINGDOM OF BELGIUM ACTING ALSO IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE GRAND-DUCHY OF LUXEMBURG

Erik DERYCKE Minister of Foreign Affairs Valdis BIRKAVS Minister of Foreign Affairs

CMM

Maldin Mikas

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REGION OF WALLONIA

Jean-Pierre GRAFE Minister of International Relations

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REGION OF FLANDERS:

Luc VAN DEN BRANDE Minister - President

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REGION OF BRUSSELS-CAPITAL:

Jos CHABERT
Minister of External Relations